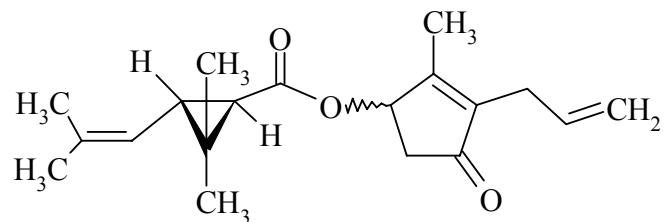


**BIOALLETHRIN**  
**203**



<i>ISO common name</i>	Not available
<i>Other names</i>	Bioallethrin (accepted by BSI)
<i>Chemical name</i>	( <i>RS</i> )-3-Allyl-2-methyl-4-oxocyclopent-2-enyl ( <i>1R,3R</i> )-2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylprop-1-enyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate (IUPAC); 2-methyl-4-oxo-3-(2-propenyl)-2-cyclopent-1-yl-2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate (CA; 584-79-2 (racemic))
<i>Empirical formula</i>	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>26</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
<i>RMM</i>	302.4
<i>b.p.</i>	165–170 °C at 20 Pa
<i>v.p.</i>	4.4 × 10 <sup>-2</sup> Pa at 25 °C
<i>Solubility</i>	In water: 4.6 mg/l (25 °C); soluble in organic solvents
<i>Description</i>	Yellow to brown oil

**BIOALLETHRIN TECHNICAL**  
**\*203/TC/M2/-**

**1 Sampling.** Take at least 100 g.

**2 Identity tests**

**2.1 GLC.** Use the GLC method below. The relative retention time of bioallethrin with respect to the internal standard for the sample solution should not deviate by more than 1% from that for the calibration solution (Fig. 12).

**2.2 HPLC.** Use the HPLC method below. The retention time of bioallethrin for the sample solution should not deviate by more than 5% from that for the bioallethrin working standard solution and the intensities of the bioallethrin isomers should give the same pattern as in the working standard solution (Fig. 11).

**REAGENTS**

*Hexane* HPLC grade

*Ethanol* HPLC grade

*Bioallethrin working standard* technical product of certified purity. Store refrigerated.

*Mobile phase* hexane–ethanol, 1000 + 1 (v/v). Add by pipette ethanol (1 ml) to hexane (1000 ml); degas before use.

*Working standard solution.* Weigh 25 mg of bioallethrin working standard into a stoppered flask (100 ml). Add by measuring cylinder mobile phase (100 ml) and dissolve.

**APPARATUS**

*High performance liquid chromatograph* with a detector suitable for operation at 230 nm and an injector capable of delivering 2 µl

*Column* stainless steel, 250 × 4 (i.d.) mm, packed with Sumichiral OA-2000I (ionic bond type) (5 µm) obtainable from Sumika Chemical Analysis Service.

*Electric integrator or data system*

**PROCEDURE**

(a) *Liquid chromatographic conditions (typical):*

<i>Mobile phase</i>	hexane–ethanol, 1000 + 1 (v/v)
<i>Column</i>	two columns joined, each stainless steel, 250 × 4 mm (i.d.), packed with Sumichiral OA-2000I, 5 µm
<i>Flow rate</i>	1.0 ml/min

\* CIPAC method 2004. Prepared by the Japanese PAC (JAPAC). Chairman: N.Tamori. Based on a method supplied by Sumitomo Chemical Company, Japan.

<i>Column temperature</i>	ambient
<i>Injection volume</i>	2 µl
<i>Detector wavelength</i>	230 nm
<i>Retention times</i>	<i>S</i> , 1 <i>R</i> -trans isomer: about 47 min <i>R</i> , 1 <i>R</i> -trans isomer: about 52 min

(b) *System equilibration.* Inject 2 µl portions of a working standard solution until the retention times obtained for two consecutive injections differ by less than 5 %.

(c) *Preparation of sample solution.* Weigh about 25 mg of sample into a stoppered flask (100 ml). Add by measuring cylinder mobile phase (100 ml) and dissolve.

### 3 Bioallethrin

OUTLINE OF METHOD Bioallethrin is determined by capillary gas chromatography using flame ionisation detection and *m*-terphenyl as internal standard.

#### REAGENTS

##### *Acetone*

*Bioallethrin working standard* technical product of certified purity. Store refrigerated.

*m-Terphenyl* internal standard. Must not contain impurities with the same retention time as bioallethrin.

*Internal standard solution.* Dissolve *m*-terphenyl (1.2 g) in acetone (100 ml). Ensure that a sufficient quantity of this solution is prepared for all samples and calibration standards to be analysed.

*Calibration solution.* Prepare calibration solutions in duplicate. Weigh (to the nearest 0.1 mg) 90 to 110 mg (*s* mg) of bioallethrin working standard into a volumetric flask (100 ml). Add by pipette internal standard solution (5.0 ml) and dissolve completely. Make up to volume with acetone and mix well (Solutions C<sub>A</sub> and C<sub>B</sub>).

#### APPARATUS

*Gas chromatograph* equipped with a split/splitless injection and a flame ionisation detector

*Capillary column* fused silica, length: 30 m × 0.25 (i.d.) mm, film thickness: 0.25 µm, coated with crosslinked nitroterephthalic acid modified polyethylene glycol (DB-FFAP or equivalent)

*Electric integrator or data system*

## PROCEDURE

(a) *Gas chromatographic conditions (typical):*

<i>Column</i>	fused silica, 30 m × 0.25 mm (i.d.), film thickness: 0.25 µm, coated with crosslinked nitroterephthalic acid modified polyethylene glycol (DB-FFAP or equivalent)
<i>Injection system</i>	
Injector	split injection
Split flow	approximately 100 ml/min
Injection volume	1 µl
<i>Detector</i>	flame ionisation
<i>Temperatures</i>	
Column oven	240 °C
Injection port	250 °C
Detector	250 °C
<i>Carrier gas</i>	helium, 35 cm/s
<i>Retention times</i>	bioallethrin: about: 4.5 min <i>m</i> -terphenyl: about: 10.7 min

(b) *Linearity check.* Check the linearity of the detector response by injecting 1 µl of solutions with bioallethrin concentrations 0.5, 1 and 2 times that of the calibration solution before conducting the analysis.

(c) *System equilibration.* Prepare two calibration solutions. Inject 1 µl portions of the first one until the response factors obtained for two consecutive injections differ by less than 1.0%. Then inject a 1 µl portion of the second solution. The response factor for this solution should not deviate by more than 1.0% from that of the first calibration solution, otherwise prepare new calibration solutions.

(d) *Preparation of sample solution.* Prepare sample solutions in duplicate for each sample. Weigh (to the nearest 0.1 mg) 90 to 110 mg (*w* mg) of sample into a volumetric flask (100 ml). Add by pipette internal standard solution (5.0 ml) and dissolve. Make up to volume with acetone and mix well (Solutions S<sub>A</sub> and S<sub>B</sub>).

(e) *Determination.* Inject in duplicate 1 µl portions of each sample solution bracketing them by injections of the calibration solutions as follows: calibration solution C<sub>A</sub>, sample solution S<sub>A</sub>, sample solution S<sub>A</sub>, calibration solution C<sub>B</sub>, sample solution S<sub>B</sub>, sample solution S<sub>B</sub>, calibration solution C<sub>A</sub>, and so on. Measure the relevant peak areas.

(f) *Calculation.* Calculate the mean value of each pair of response factors bracketing the two injections of a sample and use this value for calculating the bioallethrin contents of the bracketed sample injections.

$$f_i = \frac{I_r \times s \times P}{H_s}$$

$$\text{Content of bioallethrin} = \frac{f \times H_w}{I_q \times w} \text{ g/kg}$$

where:

- $f_i$  = individual response factor
- $f$  = mean response factor
- $H_s$  = peak area of bioallethrin in the calibration solution
- $H_w$  = peak area of bioallethrin in the sample solution
- $I_r$  = peak area of the internal standard in the calibration solution
- $I_q$  = peak area of the internal standard in the sample solution
- $s$  = mass of bioallethrin working standard in the calibration solution (mg)
- $w$  = mass of sample taken (mg)
- $P$  = purity of bioallethrin working standard (g/kg)

**Repeatability r** = 11 g/kg at 930 g/kg active ingredient content  
**Reproducibility R** = 21 g/kg at 930 g/kg active ingredient content

## **BIOALLETHRIN LIQUID VAPORISER** \***203/LV/M/-**

**1 Sampling.** Take at least 500 ml.

### **2 Identity tests**

**2.1 GLC.** As for **203/TC/M2/2**.

**2.2 HPLC.** As for **203/TC/M2/2** except:

(c) *Preparation of sample solution.* Weigh sufficient sample to contain 25 mg of bioallethrin into a volumetric flask (100 ml). Make up to volume with mobile phase and mix well.

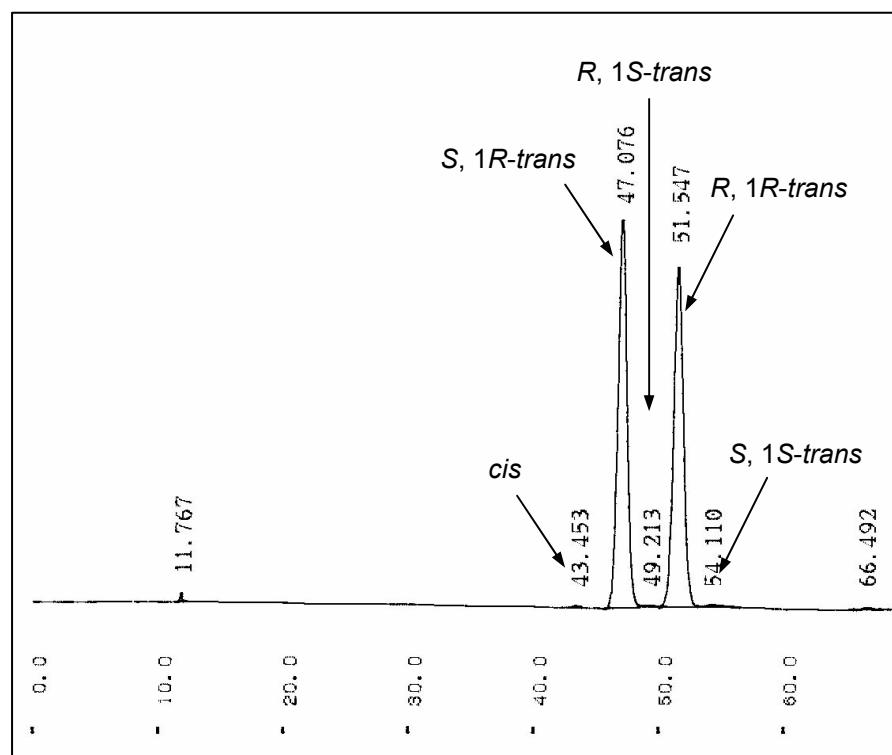
\* CIPAC method 2004. Prepared by the Japanese PAC (JAPAC). Chairman: N.Tamori. Based on a method supplied by Sumitomo Chemical Company, Japan.

**3 bioallethrin.** As for 203/TC/M2/3 except:

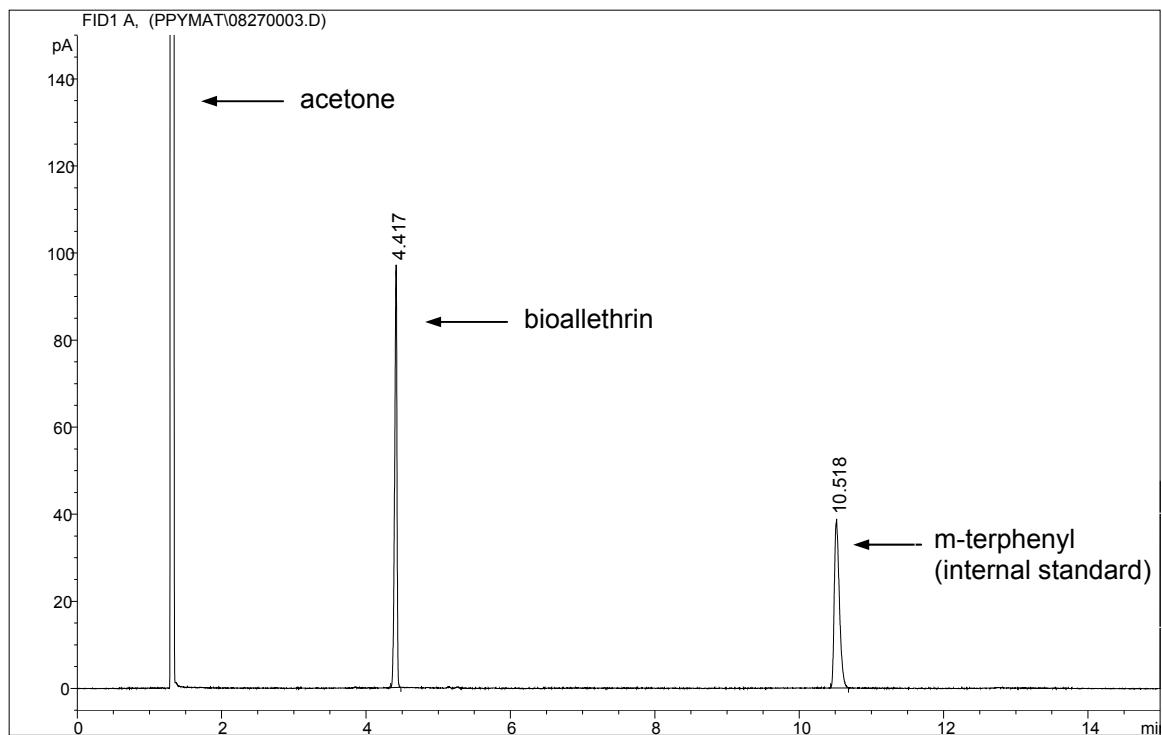
(d) *Preparation of sample solution.* Weigh (to the nearest 0.1 mg) sufficient sample to contain 90 to 110 mg ( $w$  mg) of bioallethrin into a volumetric flask (100 ml). Add by pipette internal standard solution (5.0 ml) and dissolve. Make up to volume with acetone and mix well (Solutions S<sub>A</sub> and S<sub>B</sub>).

**Repeatability r** = 0.4 g/kg at 33.8 g/kg active ingredient content

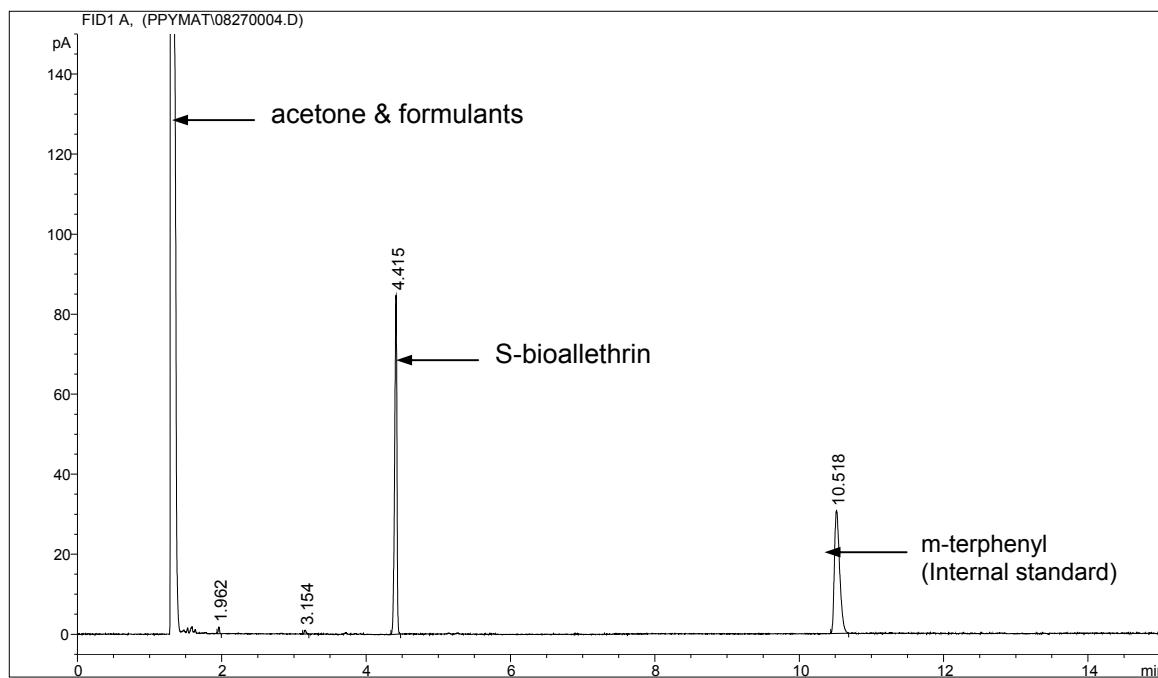
**Reproducibility R** = 0.77 g/kg at 33.8 g/kg active ingredient content



**Fig. 11** HPLC chromatogram of bioallethrin working standard



**Fig. 12** Gas chromatogram of bioallethrin TC



**Fig. 13** Gas chromatogram of bioallethrin LV